DEBATE IS RESUMED CALL TO KILL WHITE

the Senate.

DENIAL BY SENATOR BACON AN

SOUTHERN LABOR SITUATION MAY SHOW IMPORTANT LETTER

Pressure.

Senator Dubois Declares Himself Opposed to Legislation by the President.

A half hour was consumed in the Senate today in routine business, after which the immigration conference report was again taken up under the agreement of yesterday, which contemplates a vote before adjournment today. The discussion was opened by Senator

for the report," he said, "because I believe the south will not suffer under its provisions. He believed the demand for labor in the south had been overstated by Senators Bacon and Tillman, although he said his

Simmons of North Carolina. "I shall vote

20,000 more cotton factory laborers. Mr. Simmons placed a higher importance on maintaining the amity and good feel-ing which he said had always existed be-tween the south and the Pacific coast on labor and other questions, than on any disadvantage to his own section, which might result from the changes made in the immigration law. Nevertheless, he regarded the change in the contract labor provision as not properly in the report, and ex-pressed the opinion that the conferees had exceeded their authority.

Calls Provision a Makeshift.

Senator Dubois opposed the passport provision in the bill. "I do not think," he said, "the President of the United States ought to be allowed to legislate directly, as he has done in the case of this pro-

If the clause meant the exclusion of Japanese laborers, he said, it would not be satisfactory to Japan. If it did not mean this it would not be satisfactory to the Pacific coast. He favored the resolution offered by Senator Culberson yesterday, instruct-ing the conference to bring in a measure specifically excluding Japanese laborers. The provision in the bill, he said, was a makeshift and he predicted that within a week after its adoption the people of the Pacific coast would be clamoring for Japanese exclusion. Mr. Dubois said he had no prejudice against the Japanese.

Denial by Mr. Bacon.

A denial was made by Mr. Bacon of printed reports that the oppositions of himself and Senator Tillman to the conference report had been withdrawn under pressure from Senator Aldrich to save or secure appropriations in the river and harbor bill. Referring briefly to the labor situation in the south, Mr. Bacon said: "The fact cannot be concealed that there is a serious and growing jealousy on the part of the manufacturing, industries in Massachusetts against the growing and increasing manufacturing Interests of the south. "There is a disposition to interfere with the further development of those industries of the south, and no more sure method

WHOLE TOWN WIPED OUT.

ould be adopted than that proposed in this

Hurricane Destroys Cooktown Northern Australia.

VICTORIA, B. C., February 16.-News has been received here by the steamer Miowera that a hurricane has completely wiped out Cooktown in North Australia. No lives were lost. The monetary loss will amount to \$2,000,000. The Miowera brought news that constant troubles were occurring in the Solomon Islands as a result of the men expelled from Queensland, following the enactment of "white Australia laws."

H. M. S. Promotheus, a British warship, placed in the vicinity of the group to pro-tect the returning blacks, shelled the vil-lage of Sieuwa on Militita, which so badly frightened the natives that they took to the brush and have not returned. The missionaries fear a massacre by the villagers, who resent the intrusion of the

PANIC ON STREET CAR.

Passengers Go Through Windows to Avoid Blaze.

CHICAGO, February 16.-Through the windows and doors of a burning street car, charged with electricity, a score of passengers made their way last night. Fourteen persons, seven of them women, were injured. The fire started when the motor of the car, westbound on the Harrison-Center line, exploded.

Electricity spread to the several electrical conductors through the car and set fire to the clothing of four of the passengers. Men struggled with women in their efforts to reach the door. Others smashed the win-dows, and in jumping to the ground were injured. Several of the passengers were shop girls returning from work.

STORM SWEEPS ALASKA.

Snow Sixteen Feet Deep on Valdez-Fairbanks Trail.

SEATTLE, February 16.-Lieut. W. A. Glassford, in charge of the United States Signal Corps, received word yesterday from Valdez, Alaska, that a terrific storm was raging in that vicinity. At Valdez the snow is seven feet deep and the wind is blowing a gale.

At the summit of the trail between Valdez and Fairbanks the snow is sixteen feet deep, and all traffic between the two towns is entirely stopped. The operator at Val-dez also states that the wires between Val-dez and Fairbanks are down. The weather is too cold for the linemen to repair the

Work on the Culebra Cut.

Secretary Taft this morning received a cable message from Chief Engineer Stevens at Culebra, Panama, showing that about 600,000 cubic yards will probably be ex-cavated from the Culebra cut during the twenty-three working days of February, and that 800,000 cubic yards probably will be excavated during the month of March.

Personal Mention. Mr. Arthur G. Kavanagh, U. S. N.; Capt. W. E. Nye, U. S. A; R. R. Stevens, U. S. A; A. C. McCulloch, U. S. A, and Mrs. R. B. Turner are at the Hotel Breslin, New York

Messrs. John O'Hagan and Charles E. Wolcott have gone to Florida for a short

George R. Pond Wins Medal.

The Secretary of the Navy today announced that the Bailey medal for 1906 has been awarded to Apprentice Seaman George R. Pond, who attained the highest final average at the naval training station, New-port, R. I., out of the total fifty-five apprentice seamen who competed for the medal. The Bluejacket medal for 1906 has been awarded to James M. Kerwin, appren-

Down-Town Temperature. Co.'s standard thermometer was as follows: his b

Immigration Bill Again Up in One Line of Defense in the Thaw Murder Case.

ACT OF PROVIDENCE Opposition Not Withdrawn Under Delmas Anxious to See Mrs. Thaw

About Lederer Divorce.

Mr. Bolton Will Return to the Jury

Box on Monday Probably.

NEW YORK, February 16.-When the declarations of Harry K. Thaw, made in the Tombs at the time that the defense admits he was still insane, are admitted on the continuance of the trial on Monday, it is believed that they will contain the reason that Thaw's counsel had for saying in his opening address that Thaw thought he

was acting under the guidance of Providence when he shot Stanford White. According to report, Dr. Evans, the insanity state could use 60,000 more agricultural and expert, will testify that Thaw told him that he had suddenly been called to kill White. The testimony, it is believed, will be along the lines that Thaw thought for a time that it was his duty to do all he could to put White behind prison bars. It was for this reason that he had detectives on the trail of the architect and sought the aid of Anthony Comstock and the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children. Unsuc-

> denly by Providence to kill White. The testimony will set forth, according to the report, that Thaw declared to the expert that he was in the right when he shot the architect on the Madison Square Garden roof. Dr. Evans was in conference with Mr. Delmas of counsel for the defense for more than an hour this morning. When he came out he said that he expected to testify as to Thaw's declarations on Monday.

cessful in this, he felt called upon sud-

Wanted His Wife.

Harry Thaw got up at his usual time this morning, took a cold shower bath, then a turn around the corridors, and read the newspapers, and breakfasted at 9:30 o'clock, His counsel, A. Russell Peabody, spent half an hour with him. Mr. Peabody said his client was in good spirits, but very anxious to see his wife.

At about 10 o'clock Mrs. Evelyn Nesbit Thaw was admitted to the Tombs. At that moment a young lawyer who represented Mr. Delmas met Mrs. Thaw and told her that Mr. Delmas was anxious to see her without a moment's delay at his office.

Mrs. Thaw told the young man that she was equally desirous of seeing her husband and said that she would see Mr. Delmas afterward; she was all the more anxious to see her husband this morning because unless she should see him today she would be unable to do so until Monday. She started to go to Thaw's cell, but was urged again to comply with Mr. Delmas' request that she come at once to his office, and after some hesitation she decided to do so, without going to the prisoner's cell. When Thaw heard of this, he was greatly disappointed and begged that she be permitted to see him later in the day

The Lederer Divorce Suit.

Mrs. Thaw was in the office of Mr. Delmas for a half hour. It was said that the reason that the leading counsel for the defense had summoned her so hurriedly was because he wanted to know something about the divorce suit brought against George W. Lederer, the theatrical manager Evelyn Nesbit's name was at one time mentioned in this suit, but was subsequently withdrawn by Mrs. Lederer.

According to report, Mr. Delmas knew practically nothing about this incident in Mrs. Thaw's past life, and he was disturbed somewhat when he read that Abe Hummel had some papers referring to the Lederer divorce suit which might be used in the cross-examination of Mrs. Thaw by the district attorney. It was for this reason that he sent a messenger to tell her he wanted to see her at his office immediately. After Mrs. Thaw had talked with the attorney he accompanied her back to the Tombs. As she left the office of Mr. Delmas young Mrs. Thaw looked better than she has at any time

since the trial began. Mrs. Thaw was back at the Tombs before noon, and she and Mr. Delmas went at once to Thaw's cell. There they were joined by Dan O'Reilly, also of the counsel for the defense. Mr. O'Reilly denied that Abe Hummel had any papers left over from the Lederer case that might be used against Mrs. Thaw.

A conference among Thaw's lawyers was called for 1 o'clock this afternoon. It was said that the attorneys would talk to-gether over the case for the best part of

The rumors that have been prevalent about new testimony that the lawyers for Thaw would offer to show that he was in-sane at the time he killed Stanford White and that he was of unsound mind for some time after the shooting included one today to the effect that the defense might call as a witness, when the trial is re-sumed on Monday, Dr. Francis L. Patton, former president of Princeton University. This report has it that the defense is in possession of a letter which Thaw wrote to Dr. Patton while he was confined in the Tombs. It has been recalled that Dr. Patton visited the prisoner last summer. Thaw's lawyers will not make this letter public, but they intimate that its contents

will throw some light on the mental condition of Thaw when he wrote it.

Will Make Many Inquiries. If there is such a letter in existence it will probably not be introduced in evidence until Mr. Jerome has made a good many inquiries about it. There is a chance, if it is shown that the letter was written at the time when the defense admits that Thaw was insane, that it may be allowed to go on the record in the same way that the declarations of Thaw made during the first three visits of Dr. Evans, the insanity expert, will be admitted on the evidence. The osition made by the district attorney to the testimony regarding these declarations was based all through on the ground that the defense had not admitted the prisoner's insanity at the time he made them. Thaw's client was insane in the Tombs, the dis-trict attorney had no objection to the oral statements made by the prisoner to the ex-

If, on the other hand, it is not shown If, on the other hand, it is not shown that Thaw wrote the letter in the limited period of insanity Mr. Jerome is likely to raise the same objection which Justice Fitzgerald has sustained all along, that declaration of any kind made by a prisoner during a period in which he is represented as sane cannot be allowed in his favor on the testimony of witnesses. The way to get them before the court is to put the prisoner on the stand.

put the prisoner on the stand.

The funeral of Mrs. Joseph B: Bolton, wife of juror No. 11, takes place this afternoon from the Bolton residence, 1187 Boston

Past & collows:

The Events are supported by the collows:

The Events are supported by the collows are

jury box on Monday. This makes it appear that there is no chance of a mistrial because of the recent circumstances, and so the almost insurmountable difficulty of getting twelve new men to try the case will, in all probability, not have to be faced.

The rumor that a commission in lunacy might be appointed to find out whether or not Thaw is sane at the present time, has not been traced back to any solid founds-

The Lanacy Question.

Mr. Jerome, according to best report, has no intention of asking for such a commission. His mind is said to be perfectly open on the question as to whether or not Thaw is sane at the present time. He will interest himself a good deal, however, in the course of Thaw's improvement in the Tombs by which he came out of a period of insanity to be again of sound mind. He will also want to know a lot about what one of the experts has called "the dawn and the twilight of reason."

The trial will probably be resumed Monday with the continuance of the testimony of Dr. Evans, the insanity expert. Then, it is expected, Evelyn Nesbit Thaw will be asked to complete her story. Ac-

will be asked to complete her story. According to report, Mr. Jerome has succeeded in obtaining a lot of information to be used in attacking the truth of young Mrs. Thaw's statement that she told her husband the story she said on the stand she told him. From indications, the crossexamination of the young woman will be

Thaw's Generosity. According to one story current today, Mrs. J. J. Caine, a milliner, who has been the friend of Evelyn Nesbit and her mother s ready to swear that Harry Thaw offered Mrs. Holman \$100,000 if she could induce her daughter to marry him. Mrs. Caine says also, so the report has it, that after Mrs. Holman and her daughter had quarreled in London, and the elder woman had returned home, her way was paid by Thaw, who had also been generous to her while

she was abroad. According to another story, which comes from Boston, James Morley, who was Thaw's valet for five years, says that he is willing to tell all about Thaw's eccentricities while he was in his employ. The valet declared that Thaw once attacked him with a knife and at another time shot him in the leg. He also tells about how Thaw scattered \$20 bills about and had a habit of lighting his cigarettes with currency.

PRINCESS CLEMENTINE DEAD. Was the Mother of Bulgarian Prince

Ferdinand. VIENNA, February 16.-The Princes Clementine of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha, mother of Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria, died this

The Princess Clementine, who was born June 3, 1817, was a daughter of King Louis Philippe and was married in Paris April 20. 1843, to Prince Augustus of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha, who died July 26, 1881, leaving four children. Prince Philip, who married Princess Louise of Belgium: Prince Augustus, who married the late Princess Leonoldine, of Brazil; Princess Clotilde, who married the late Archduke Joseph of Austria, and Prince Ferdinand, born in Vienna in 1861, who was elected prince of Bulgaria under the name of Ferdinand I by the Bul-garian national assembly July 7, 1887.

Lineman Killed Instantly. Special Dispatch to The Star.

WILMINGTON, Del., February 16 .- Frederick Pitt met instant death here today as a result of high electric voltage passing through his body. He was a lineman in the employ of the Delaware and Atlantic Telegraph and Telephone Company, and he and some other linemen were taking down wire at Robinson and Lombard streets about 9:30 o'clock, and in some manner the wire came in contact with the high-tension wire of another company. Pitt, who was at the reel on the ground, received the shock, and was thrown to the ground dead. He was twenty-three years of age, and came from West Chester, Pa., last July.

Site for Minneapolis Building. The Secretary of the Treasury has se lected a site for the new federal building at Minneapolis, Minn. It is described as block 40, and is on Washington and 2d avenues and 2d and 3d streets. The price to be paid is \$349,900. Thirty per cent of the property, however, has to be condemned, but the owners of the 70 per cent of the block guarantee that the price for the whole block shall not exceed the amount stated. Other offers were made but the prices asked were in excess of the

Bona Fide Circulation.

Nearly everybody in Washington reads The Sunday Star. Last Sunday's circulation was by far the largest and best in the city, and the only sworn circulation in the District of Columbia.

The advertiser is entitled to know the circulation of any paper in which he advertises.

The circulation of The Sunday Star on February 10, 1907, was

I solemnly swear that the above statement represents the number of copies of THE SUNDAY STAR circulated on February 10, 1907—that is, the number of copies actually sold, delivered, furnished and mailed, for valuable consideration, to bona fide purchasers or subscribers, and that none of the copies so counted are free or sample copies and none are returnable. except in the case of several hundred sent to suburban agents, from whom a few returns of unsold papers have not yet been received.

J. WHIT. HERRON, Business Manager,

The Evening Star Newspaper Company. Subscribed and sworn to before me this

sixteenth day of February, A. D. 1907. E. E. RAMEY.

Notary Public. Circulation of "The Evening Star." The sworn statement below shows that the circulation of The Star is what it is claimed to be. The Star's circulation is much greater than that of any other paper published in Washington, and The Star is read more thoroughly than and has double the number of readers of any other paper published in Washington, whether morning or evening. Fifteen thousand of The Star's regular subscribers take no other Washington paper whatever, depending

upon The Star alone for news and adver-SATURDAY, February 9, 1907...... 40,256 MONDAY, February 11, 1907..... 37,897 TUESDAY, February 12, 1907...... 38,000 WEDNESDAY, February 13, 1907..... 37,449 THURSDAY, February 14, 1907...... 37,392 FRIDAY, February 15, 1907..... 37,168

ment represents only the number of copies of THE EVENING STAR circulated during the six secular days ending Friday, February 15, 1907—that is, the number of copies actually sold, delivered, furnished or mailed, for valuable consideration, to bona fide purchasers or subscribers and that the copies so counted are not returnable to or remain in the office unsold.

Business Manager, The Evening Star Newspaper Company. Subscribed and sworn to before me this sixteenth day of February, A. D. 1907. E. E. RAMEY.

President Will Not Visit the Fair at Columbus.

Senator Curtis Has Bill Which Meets Approval of President, Which He Hopes to Get Through.

President Roosevelt today told Represen tative Taylor of Ohio that he would not be able to accept the invitation to visit the negro industrial and agricultural fair at Columbus early in June, at which time he will be in the middle west on a trip. Mr. Taylor called to lay before the President a large number of letters from prominent negro and white citizens of Columbus and other parts of the state urging him not to accept the invitation. The President told Mr. Taylor that it was not necessary to present the letters, as he had concluded that he could not arrange his itinerary to go

Representative Taylor has an impression that the President will not now make an appointment of a negro to any of the important federal offices in Ohio, as he had contemplated doing. Mr. Taylor did not discuss the question with the President, who has received so many letters of protest against such a course that he has at least suspended further efforts to find out who would be a suitable man for a place at Clayeland or Toledo. Cleveland or Toledo.

Those who are usually in close touch with

the President say that the prejected appointment is in "statu quo," and the inflection of the words leaves the idea that it is so far in that soporific state as to probably remain there. The President is too busy on other matters now to liven it up.
Representative Longworth of Ohio was with the President a short time today.

Indian Territory Lands.

Senator Curtis of Kansas conferred with the President and James R. Garfield, who will shortly become Secretary of the Interior, as to restrictions in the sale of surplus Indian lands in the Indian Territory. Mr. Curtis has prepared a bill which meets Mr. Curtis has prepared a bill which meets with the hearty approval of the President and Mr. Garfield that he hopes to get through Congress before adjournment.

Speaking of the probability that the new state of Oklahoma will send an Indian to the Senate at its first legislative election, Senator Curtis said: "I would like to see a representative Indian come to the Senate from the new state. It would add materially to the development of young Indians as

ly to the development of young Indians as good and useful citizens, as it would set an ambitious example. There are able Indians in both the democratic and republican parties in the new state, but if the democrats control the first legislature they have unusually fine material from which to select. Chief Porter of the Creeks is an able man. McCurtin of the Choctaws, Johnson of the Chickasaws and Buffington, Harris and Owen of the Cherokees are men who would represent their state and people with much

More Ties for North and South America.

John Barrett, director of the bureau of merican republics, introduced to the Presdent Prof. W. R. Shepherd of Columbia University, who will start in May on a trip around South America that is designed to bring the educational and intellectual elements of the continents of North America and South America nearer together. The proposed trip, which has been inaugurated by Columbia University, has the hearty approval of the President and Secretary Root. They believe that the nations of the two continents should be brought into close such in more than commercial and political ways. Prof. Shepherd will visit the leading educators of every South American country end may be best brought about. At the same time a cordial invitation will be ex-tended young men of the Latin-American countries to come to the United States for the completion of their educations and our own young men will be advised to do the same thing when they wish to improve themselves in those things in which South America excels in the educational line. Prof. Shepherd has had talks with the ampassadors and ministers from South America and they have promised to facilitate his journey in every possible way and to put him in touch with the influential educators

of their respective countries. Large List of Visitors.

The President, as usual on Saturday, had a large list of visitors today. Congressnen with visiting constituents in the city flocked to the White House to introduce them. Some congressmen had business with the President, but they were outnumbered by those who were doing the

introduction act. Senator Gamble of South Dakota presented W. H. Parker, who was elected last November to succeed Representative Martin of South Dakota, and J. D. Elliott, United States attorney of that state. Mr. Elliott resigned the district attorneyship last year to conduct the fight for the return to the Senate of Senator Gamble. After the fight was over he was again named for his former position.

A. H. Tanner, who was the law partner of the late Senator Mitchell of Oregon, and who turned state's evidence after conviction to escape going to the penitentiary, visited the President with Senator Mulkey to thank the chief executive for granting him a pardon, which was signed some time

Commissioner Neill of the labor bureau visited the President with Timothy Shea and A. P. Kelley, second and fifth vice grand masters of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, of which the President is an honorary member. The labor leaders talked with the President about some questions which they did not care to discuss for publication.

HOURS OF TRAINMEN. Bill to Limit Time of Consecutive Employment.

The House committee on interstate and foreign commerce decided today to make a favorable report on a bill limiting the time of consecutive employment of trainmen in sixteen hours. In the main, the bill agreed upon is the same as the measure introduced in the House by Representative Each of Wisconsin, but it will be reported as a substitute for the LaFollette sixteen-hour bill, which has already passed the Senate, and thus the consideration of the measure again on the floor of the Senate will be avoided as it will go to conference. In addition to limiting the hours of labor for men actually engaged in moving trains, the bill also contains an amendment by Representative Wanger, which extends the measure in a modified form to operators and train dispatchers. It provides that operators shall not work more than nine consecutive hours in stations or towers which are kept open day and night, and the time for their employment in day stations is limited to thirteen hours. ployment in day stations is limited to thir-teen hours.

The vote on the bill was strictly a party

The vote on the bill was strictly a party one, the democrats on the committee insisting on the LaFollette bill without any change, and the republicans all voting for the Esch measure in its amended form. Chairman Hepburn, who has been away from the Capitol for some time because of a severe cold, presided at the meeting. It is provided in the bill that common carriers or their officers or agents who knowingly require—or permit employes to violate the measure are liable to a fine of \$500 for each offense, the suits to be brought by the United States district attorney in the district court having jurisdiction of the

Divorce-Seeker Says It Was Never Given Her Husband.

Love With Co-respondent While Living With the Defendant.

Plaintiff Declares She Was Not in

OMAHA, Nebraska, February 16 .- After the most trying cross-examination ever heard in an Omaha court Mrs. Fanny Rice Bassett left the witness stand in a state of collapse yesterday after giving testimony in the divorce case which she is prosecuting against her husband, Charles C. Bassett of

Her ordeal came when she was turned over to her husband's counsel for severe cross-examination. She was twice compelled to ask the court for the indulgence of a rest and recess. Twice her temper burst into flame and each time she deprecated the act by a little laugh of apology full of returning compromise. Mrs. Bassett came to court evidently nerved for the trial. She seemed worn and weary with reddened eye-lids that betokened a sleepless night. The Rev. Mr. Hunt was again in court, seated just behind Mr. J. H. Vandusen of Mrs. Bassett's counsel. Once during the proceedings he whispered to the attorney in front of him, evidently referring to some in-cident concerned in the questions then being asked Mrs. Bassett. While she was testifying Mr. Hunt did not look at her or

exchange a glance. Even when she vehemently repudiated a suggestion that she loved Hunt he did not move.

Mrs. Bassett's evidence included the re-Mrs. Bassett's evidence included the recital of the alleged indignities her husband put on her. She gave yesterday a long list of woes of all sorts, and added two more to the account today. One incident followed a refusal of the wife to accede to an unreasonable request of the husband. His wife cried at the brutality, whereupon, she says, Bassett said, "I'll make you how in carnet and a good deal more how! in earnest, and a good deal more by trying that Mexican whip on you."

Admits She is Forty.

After a few questions from her own coun sel to establish the validity of her Omaha residence, the cross-examination com nenced. Evidence of hostility showed at the first question, "How old are you?" "I am of legal age and over thirty-five," Mrs. Bassett replied.

The lawyer's ire was aroused. He insisted

to the court that witness be compelled to answer exactly. Mrs. Bassett finally admitted she was forty.

"Did you love Mr. Bassett?" he asked.

"I don't know," was the reply.

"Why did you marry him?"

"I was a seed independ to the time. I don't

"I was no good judge at the time. I don't know," said Mrs. Bassett. Then the attorney tried to pin her down to a flat state-ment. Mrs. Bassett finally vehemently said she never loved her husband, soon lost all respect for him and was certain that she never could love him.
"Why did you live with him?"

Yielded to Pride.

"I had an immense amount of pride and mistake I had made. I tried to make the best of things to love and respect him." "You didn't succeed." dryly questioned the husband's attorney.

"I couldn't," was the short answer.
"Yet you could love other kinds of men?" pursued the questioner. 'I loved my father dearly," was the an-

"You have also loved other men, haven't you, since you have been married?"

Mrs. Bassett was provoked to a sudden flash of anger. "I wouldn't formulate in my brain the thought of love for any other man while I was a married woman,"

said, eyes flashing.
"Now, Mrs. Bassett, haven't you been in love with Mr. Hunt for years?" asked the attorney.
"I have not," was again the decided an swer. Mr. Hunt gave no indication that he heard the question or answer. Mrs. Bassett started to look in his direction, hesitated and finally glared defiantly at Lawyer

The room all through the morning was crowded with morbidly curious spectators, who came in such great numbers that they could not even find standing room. No session is being held today because of the weakness of Mrs. Bassett. She will Mr. Hunt has sent his resignation to his mr. Hunt has sent his resignation to his church, the Noble Street Presbyterian of Brooklyn, and will not return there. Special police are guarding the Bassett children to prevent them from being kidnaped, two attempts having been made on them this week.

TO RECEIVE PENSION.

Widow of Fire Department Captain

Beneficiary of Fund. Mrs. Sarah A. Young, widow of Capt. Joshua T. Young of engine company No. 3 of the local fire department, who died last week, is to receive a pension of \$40 a month during her widowhood, and the sum of \$75 to defray the expenses of her husband's funeral. The Commissioners issued an order to that effect today upon the recommendation of Chief Belt of the fire depart-

For sending truck company No. 5 to the wrong box in answer to an alarm of fire last Wednesday, Private T. C. Young of the fire department will be deprived of his days off for sixty days as punishment. A recommendation of Chief Belt to that effect was referred to the Commissioners today and approved by them.

A G STREET BUILDING.

Changes in Location of Several Business Men.

In the course of a few days when the building, 1331-1333 G street, which has been remodeled, is ready for occupancy, Thomas J. Owen & Son, the auctioneers, will remove from their present location, 913 F street, to that building. The main floor of the remodeled building has been taken by the real estate corporation of Moore & Hill. Mr. Harry Wardman the builder, and Mr. E. N. Waters, insur-

ance agent, will also have offices in this building. The agent of this property, Mr. E. C. Brainerd, has been surprised at the demand which has developed for business and office accommodations in this locality. SENATOR DUPONT'S HOME.

Large Rhode Island Avenue House

Leased for Term.

Rhode Island avenue, has been leased by Peachy & Hagner, real estate brokers, to nator Dupont of Delaware. At present the house is occupied by Mr. Hennen Jennings, but he expects by next season to b in his own house which he is building to the northeast of Sheridan circle. On the first of October next it will become one of the senatorial residences of the city.

ADDED TO ZOO FAMILY.

Mother Rattlesnake and Twelve "Babies" and a Hawk-Mosed Reptile. Visitors to the National Zoological Park comorrow will be permitted to see a large mother rattlesnake with her family of me

Features of The Sunday Star.

The Most Efficient Army for Our Nation BY LIEUT. GEN. NELSON A. MILES.

Wonderful lessons in warfare have been given to the world these last few years. The deductions suggested are manifold. The author not only makes his own deductions, but furnishes a practicable outline of our own needs.

Sonny and the Kid

By Charles G. D. Roberts. A story to touch your heart. Full of interest and dramatic

Problem of the Stolen Rubens

By Jacques Futrelle. One of the most subtle Thinking Machine stories yet published.

Romances of Deep Sea Diving

BY W. G. FITZ-GERALD.

The mystery of the deep is always a little uncanny. The rugged, weirdly dressed divers furnish exciting reading material.

Other Notable Features.

Living Rebuses
By Adelia Beard.

The First Secretary By Demetra and Kenneth Brown. The Busiest Dollar

By Marion Hill. Little Stories of Wall Street

Strange Conspiracy Against a Titled Abbess Titled Ladies in Socialist Movement

Biff and Stiff—In the "Olio"

By Franklin P. Adams. Latter-Day Sweethearts By Mrs. Burton Harrison,

The Wire Tappers By Arthur Stringer. Irish Humor

MR. DOOLEY

By James Jeffrey Roche.

Flying Machines and Aerial Navigation.

Read The Sunday Star.

about ten inches in length, and in the cage in which they are confined, they present the picture of a creeping, wriggling mass. The mother is said to be particularly vicious while she is rearing her family, and vicious while she is rearing her family, and threatens any one who comes near. The picture presented of snake life is said to be both interesting and instructive. Another reptile just received from the University of Fiorida is a "hawk-nosed snake," otherwise known as the spread-head adder, because of its habit when angry of spreading or flattening its head. Because of the turning of its nose at the end it is called "hawk-nosed" by the natives of Florida. An officer of the zoo said today that this reptile is "harmless except in looks."

WELCOMED THE STUDENTS.

Seniors From West Chester, Pa., at the Navy Department. Secretary Metcalf and Admiral Dewey re ceived the senior class of the West Chester Pennsylvania State Normal School at the Navy Department today. Introductions were made by Representative Butler of Pennsylvania, a member of the House committee on naval affairs, who accompanied the students to the Navy Department. Admiral Dewey was especially cordial in his

FORETASTE OF SPRING.

weather is promised Washington tomorrow

greetings to several young Filipinos who

Mild Weather Tomorrow Predicted by Weather Bureau. Another foretaste of genuine spring

were members of the class.

by Prof. Edward B. Garriott, official forecaster of the weather bureau. The day will be of the sort that makes the crocuses poke their little heads above the ground and causes the trees to break into bloom later in the season, it is said. The skies promise to be fair and the atmosphere even a little warmer than it is today.

Prof. Garriott added that some freakish and wintry weather may be expected until March 15, after which spring is scheduled to really begin, with balmy conditions.

Death of Mrs. Helen M. Martin. Mrs. Helen M. Martin, an old resident of this city, died this morning at the home of her son, Mr. Thomas R. Martin, 1735 Park road. The arrangements for the funeral have not been completed. Mrs. Martin was the wife of the late

James Martin. Five children, Miss Martha

Martin, Mrs. Catherine Smoot of Chevy Chase, Md.; Mr. Harry Martin, Mr. Thomas Martin and Mr. Lee Martin, sur-Eulogies in the Senate. late Senator Alger of Michigan, the late Representative Hitt of Illinois, Hear of Massachusetts and Lester of Georgia will be delivered Saturday next, in accordance

To Meet at Noon Monday. The Senate today modified its order to meet hereafter at 11 o'clock, and will meet

GREATEST OF HOTEL TOWNS. Tens of Thousands of New Yorkers Give Up Home Life.

From the New York Sun. The latest edition of the Social Register contains a list of 9,000 families living in hotels in New York city. This, of course, does not include all the citizens of this great old town who have given up home ife of the kind their parents knew.

An expert who has studied the hotel business of two hemispheres says that New York cares for three times as many persons in hotels as does London, six times as many as does Paris and ten times as many as does any other city that can be named. does any other city that can be named.

There are 136 large first-class hotels in Manhattan alone, more than 300 including the smaller ones, and, at the rate of construction at present, the calculation has been made that within twenty years there will be on Manhattan Island alone 386 hotels of 400 rooms each or of greater size.

With a floating population each day ranging from 75,000 to 185,000 for the various seasons of the year, there is little wonder.

seasons of the year, there is little wonder, says Success, that New York has become the city of the earth most conspicuous for its hotels. It is said that at one of the well-known 5th avenue hostelries at least \$10,000 daily must be received before there is a cent of profit. At least four of the fashionable hotels are said to have wines in their cellars to the value of \$1,500,000. The annual bill for cut flowers used by these places runs from \$30,000 to \$60,000. One house says that its yearly butter bill is \$57,000, more than the salary of the President of the United States. As this is not one of the largest hotels, there may be butter bills in town that are bigger even than the salary of an insurance president.

Equity. From Harper's Weekly. Until recently there was a partnership existing between two darky blacksmiths in an Alabama town. The dissolution of this

association was made known by a notice nailed upon the door of the smithy, which notice ran as follows:
"The kopardnershipp heretofor resisting between me and Mose Jenkins is heerby re-solved. All perrsons owing the firm will settel with me, and all persons that the firm owes to will settel with Mose."

News Briefs. Glosue Carducci, the Italian poet and critic, died in Rome yesterday of pneumonia. He is considered as having attained the heights of modern Italian poetic genius. Queen Margherita, who converted Carducci from republicanism to monarchism, receiv-ed the news of the poet's death with much

Henry Phipps of New York has bought Henry Phipps of New York has bought a tract of 315 acres between Wantagh and Hempstead, L. I., formerly known as the R. G. Dun estate. Mr. Dun spent more than \$100,000 in improving the property. Within the limits of the tract there are ten trout ponds. It is understood that Mr. Phipps will build a country residence on the prop-

son automobile works, in Kingston, Pa, have gone on strike, because, they assert, the company discriminated against union men. Fourteen men who were members of the machinists' union were discharged yesterday.

The threatened strike of Norfolk and Western remen has been averted and the differences amicably adjusted. Joseph I. Doran of Philadelphia, chief counsel for the raffroad, went to Roanoke, Va., and it is understood that it was through him an